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^{99m}Tc labeled stilbenes as potential imaging agents for β -amyloid plaques in the brain

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Development of SPECT imaging agents based on Tc-99m targeting A β plaques is useful for diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease (AD). A stilbene derivative, [¹¹C]SB-13, showing promise in detecting senile plaques present in AD patients has been reported previously^{1,2}. Based on the 4'-amino-stilbene core structure we have added substituted groups through which a chelating group, N₂S₂, was conjugated. We report herein a series of Tc-99m labeled stilbene derivative conjugated with a TcO[N₂S₂] core.

The syntheses of stilbenes containing a N₂S₂ chelating ligand are achieved by a scheme shown. Lipophilic ^{99m}Tc stilbene complexes were successfully prepared and purified through HPLC. Preliminary results of *in vitro* labeling of brain sections from transgenic mice showed very promising plaque labeling. These ^{99m}Tc stilbene derivatives are warranted for further evaluations as potential imaging agents targeting amyloid plaques.

References:

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We have recently published a paper in the Nuclear Medicine and Biology:
Zhuang ZP, Kung MP, Hou C, Ploessl K, Kung HF. Biphenyls labeled with technetium 99m for imaging beta-amyloid plaques in the brain. *Nucl Med Biol.* 2005 Feb; 32(2):171-84.